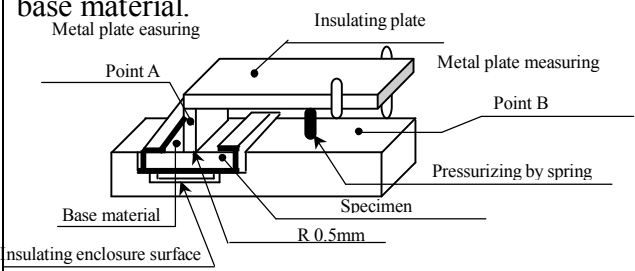


☐ Electrical performance Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description														
Temperature Coefficient of Resistance	TCR= $\frac{(R2-R1)}{R1(T2-T)} \times 106(PPM/^{\circ}C)$ R1: Resistance at room temperature R2: Resistance at -55 $^{\circ}C$ or +125 $^{\circ}C$ T1: Room temperature T2: Temperature -55 $^{\circ}C$ or +125 $^{\circ}C$	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.2														
		Refer to Page 3. Ratings														
Short Time Overload	Apply 2.5 times rated voltage for 5 sec., and released to load for about 30 minutes, then measure the resistance. Jumper: Apply Maximum overload current CR02、03 : 2.5A CR05、06、12、20、25 : 5A	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.8														
		(WV)=2.5 \sqrt{WR} ON 5sec. Requirement: $\pm(2.0\%\pm0.1\Omega)$ Max														
		No evidence of mechanical damage, no short or burned on the appearance														
Intermittent Overload	Put tested resistors in chamber under temperature 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}C$ for 1 sec. On , 25 sec. off under this condition the 2.5 times rated DC Voltage is applied for 10000 $\begin{smallmatrix} +400 \\ -0 \end{smallmatrix}$ test cycles then they will be left at no-load for 1 hr. Jumper: Apply Maximum overload current CR02、03:2.5A CR05、06、12、20、25:5A	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.8														
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1 \Omega$														
Noise Level	<table><tr><th>Noise</th><th>Resistance</th></tr><tr><td>$\leq -10db(0.32uV/V)$</td><td>$R < 100 \Omega$</td></tr><tr><td>$\leq 0db(1.0uV/V)$</td><td>$100 \Omega \leq R < 1K \Omega$</td></tr><tr><td>$\leq 10db(3.2uV/V)$</td><td>$1K \Omega \leq R < 10K \Omega$</td></tr><tr><td>$\leq 15db(5.6uV/V)$</td><td>$10K \Omega \leq R < 100K \Omega$</td></tr><tr><td>$\leq 20db(10uV/V)$</td><td>$100K \Omega \leq R < 1M \Omega$</td></tr><tr><td>$\leq 30db(32uV/V)$</td><td>$1M \Omega \leq R$</td></tr></table>	Noise	Resistance	$\leq -10db(0.32uV/V)$	$R < 100 \Omega$	$\leq 0db(1.0uV/V)$	$100 \Omega \leq R < 1K \Omega$	$\leq 10db(3.2uV/V)$	$1K \Omega \leq R < 10K \Omega$	$\leq 15db(5.6uV/V)$	$10K \Omega \leq R < 100K \Omega$	$\leq 20db(10uV/V)$	$100K \Omega \leq R < 1M \Omega$	$\leq 30db(32uV/V)$	$1M \Omega \leq R$	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.9
		Noise	Resistance													
$\leq -10db(0.32uV/V)$	$R < 100 \Omega$															
$\leq 0db(1.0uV/V)$	$100 \Omega \leq R < 1K \Omega$															
$\leq 10db(3.2uV/V)$	$1K \Omega \leq R < 10K \Omega$															
$\leq 15db(5.6uV/V)$	$10K \Omega \leq R < 100K \Omega$															
$\leq 20db(10uV/V)$	$100K \Omega \leq R < 1M \Omega$															
$\leq 30db(32uV/V)$	$1M \Omega \leq R$															
NA																
Insulation Resistance	<p>Put the resistor in the fixture, add 100V DC in +,- $\geq 10^9 \Omega$ terminal for 60 sec. then measured the insulation resistance between electrodes and insulating enclosure or between electrodes and base material.</p> 	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.6														
		$\geq 109 \Omega$														
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	Put the resistor in the fixture, add V AC (see SPEC below) in +,- terminal. CR05 、06、12、20、25 apply 500V AC for 1 minute. CR02、03 apply 300V AC for 1 minute.	JIS C 5202.....clause 5.7														
		No short or burned on the appearance.														

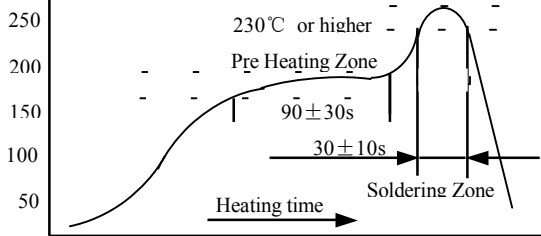
☐ Mechanical performance Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description																								
Solderability	Preconditioning Put the tested resistor in the apparatus of PCT, at temperature of 105℃, humidity of 100% RH, and pressure of 1.22×10 ⁵ Pa for a duration of 4 hrs. Then after left the tested resistor in room temperature for 2 hrs or more. Test Method: ◎Test item 1 (solder pot test): The resistor be immersed into solder pot at temperature 245±3℃ for 3 sec., then the resistor is left as placed under microscope to observed its solder area.	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.11																								
	<table><tr><th colspan="2">Testing conditions for wetting balance method with solder pot</th></tr><tr><th></th><th>Condition</th></tr><tr><td>Solder temperature</td><td>245±3℃</td></tr><tr><td>Immersion speed</td><td>1 to 5 mm/s</td></tr><tr><td>Immersion depth</td><td>0.1mm</td></tr><tr><td>Immersion angle</td><td>Horizontal</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="4">Mass of solder ball</td><td>25mg→0402、0603</td></tr><tr><td>200mg→0805、1206</td></tr><tr><td>1210、2010、</td></tr><tr><td>2512</td></tr></table>	Testing conditions for wetting balance method with solder pot			Condition	Solder temperature	245±3℃	Immersion speed	1 to 5 mm/s	Immersion depth	0.1mm	Immersion angle	Horizontal	Mass of solder ball	25mg→0402、0603	200mg→0805、1206	1210、2010、	2512	Test item 1: Solder coverage over 95%							
	Testing conditions for wetting balance method with solder pot																									
		Condition																								
Solder temperature	245±3℃																									
Immersion speed	1 to 5 mm/s																									
Immersion depth	0.1mm																									
Immersion angle	Horizontal																									
Mass of solder ball	25mg→0402、0603																									
	200mg→0805、1206																									
	1210、2010、																									
	2512																									
By SONY(SS-00254-2)																										
Resistance to Soldering Heat	◎Test item 1 (Reflow test): The tested resistor should be subject in the following procedure,and after finish each step, it should be left for a duration of 2 hrs or longer at temperature of 30℃or lower and humidity of 70% RH or lower.	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.10																								
	<table><tr><th>Step</th><th>Procedure</th><th>Environmental test condition</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Resistance measuring</td><td>Room temperature</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Humidification</td><td>125℃, 24hrs</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Baking</td><td>85℃, 85%, 168hrs</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Reflow(1)</td><td>Reflow temperature curve and component Table 1</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Humidification</td><td>85℃, 65%, 24hrs</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>Reflow(2)</td><td>Reflow temperature curve and component Table 2</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>Resistance measuring</td><td>Room temperature</td></tr></table>	Step	Procedure	Environmental test condition	1	Resistance measuring	Room temperature	2	Humidification	125℃, 24hrs	3	Baking	85℃, 85%, 168hrs	4	Reflow(1)	Reflow temperature curve and component Table 1	5	Humidification	85℃, 65%, 24hrs	6	Reflow(2)	Reflow temperature curve and component Table 2	7	Resistance measuring	Room temperature	1. Resistance Range:≥1 Ω △R% = ±(1.0%+0.05 Ω)
	Step	Procedure	Environmental test condition																							
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6	Reflow(2)	Reflow temperature curve and component Table 2																								
7	Resistance measuring	Room temperature																								
No evidence of electrode damage. No side conductive peel off.																										

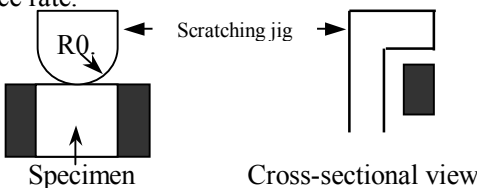
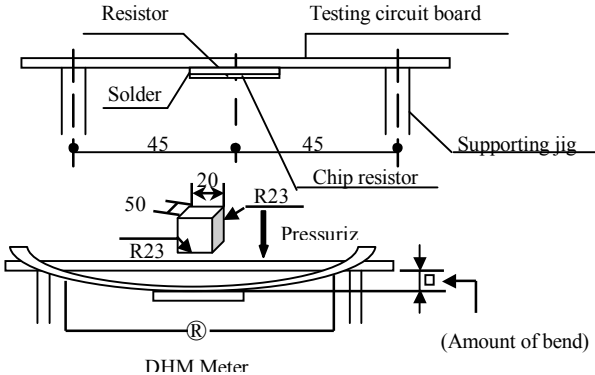
☐ Mechanical performance Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description
Resistance to Soldering Heat	◎Reflow temperature 	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.10
	◎Component surface temperature Table 1 Description example in specification document (1)	1. Resistance Range: ≥ 1 Ω ΔR% = ±(1.0%+0.05 Ω)
	Table 2 Description example in specification document (2)	
	◎Test item 2 (solder pot test): The tested resistor should be subject in the following procedure, and after finish each step, it should be left for a duration of 2 hours or lower at temperature of 30°C or lower and humidity of 70% RH or lower.	No evidence of electrode damage. No side conductive peel off.
	◎Test item 3 (Electric iron test): Preheating temperature : 350±10°C Electric iron preheating time : 3+1/-0 sec. Preheat the electric iron on electrode termination, as after that step place the iron over 60 mins and measure its resistance rate. By SONY (SS-00254-5)	

☐ Mechanical performance Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description								
Joint strength of solder	<p>Preconditioning</p> <p>Put the tested resistor in the apparatus of PCT, at temperature of 105℃, humidity of 100% RH, and pressure of 1.22×105Pa for a duration of 4 hours. Then after left the specimen in a temperature for 2 hours or more.</p> <p>Test Method:</p> <p>◎ Test item 1 (Adhesion):</p> <p>A static load of 20N(2kgf) using a R0.5 scratch tool shall be applied on the core of the arrow and held for 10 seconds and under load measured its resistance variance rate.</p> <div></div> <p>◎ Test item 2 (Bending Strength):</p> <p>Solder tested resistors on the PC board. Add force in the middle down, and under load measured its resistance variance rate.</p> <p>D : SCR02、03、05 = 5mm SCR06、12 = 3mm SCR20、25 = 2mm</p> <div></div> <p>◎ Test item 3 (Endurance measurement):</p> <p>Measure the initial strength on the specimen prepared as specified in table 1 without application of temperature cycle, and the strength after application of temperature cycle specified and calculated the difference. In case measurement is to be done in the middle of temperature cycle application, it should be done at 250±4 cycles, 500±4 cycles and 1000±4 cycles. For this measurement, specimens should be separately prepared.</p> <p>Table 1 Temperature cycle test condition</p> <table><tr><th colspan="2">Testing condition</th></tr><tr><td>Lowest temperature</td><td>-35±5℃</td></tr><tr><td>Highest temperature</td><td>105±5℃</td></tr><tr><td>Temperature-retaining time</td><td>15 minutes each</td></tr></table> <p>By SONY SS-00254-7</p>	Testing condition		Lowest temperature	-35±5℃	Highest temperature	105±5℃	Temperature-retaining time	15 minutes each	<p>JIS C 5202.....clause 6.1.4</p> <p>Test item 1 :</p> <p>(1) Variance rate on resistance Resistance Range: ≥1 Ω ΔR% = ±(1.0%+0.05 Ω)</p> <p>(2) No evidence of mechanical damage. No terminal peel off.</p> <p>Test item 2 :</p> <p>(1) Variance rate on resistance Resistance Range: ≥1 Ω ΔR% = ±(1.0%+0.05 Ω)</p> <p>(2) No evidence of mechanical damage. No terminal peel off and core body cracked.</p> <p>Test item 3 :</p> <p>ΔR1 = The deviation of Resistance value of joint strength or bending test before temperature cycle.</p> <p>ΔR2 = The deviation of Resistance value of joint strength or bending test after temperature cycle.</p> <p>The ration (ΔR1/ΔR2) of deviation should be less than 50%.</p>
	Testing condition									
	Lowest temperature	-35±5℃								
Highest temperature	105±5℃									
Temperature-retaining time	15 minutes each									

□ Mechanical performance Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description
Terminal strength	Test 1: The resistors mounted on the board apply 5N pushing force on the sample rear for 10 sec. Test 2: The resistors mounted on the board slowly add force on the sample rear until the sample termination is breakdown.	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.1.4
		1. No evidence of mechanical damage. 2. $\geq 5N$
Core Body Strength	Apply R0.5 test probe at its central part then pushing 1Kg force on the sample for 10 sec.	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.1.4
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1 \Omega$ $\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$
		No evidence of mechanical damage. No side conductive peel off.
Leaching Test	The tested resistor be immersed into molten solder of $260 \pm 5^\circ C$ for 30 seconds. Then the resistor is left as placed under microscope to observed its solder area.	By SONY SS-00254-9
		1.Solder coverage over 95%. 2.The underlying material (such as ceramic) shall not be visible at the crest corner area of the electrode.
Resistance to solvent	The tested resistor be immersed into isopropyl alcohol of $20 \sim 25^\circ C$ for 60 sec. Then the resistor is left in the room for 48hrs.	JIS C 5202.....clause 6.9
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1 \Omega$ $\pm (5.0\%+0.05\Omega)$
		No evidence of mechanical damage, no G2 over coating and Sn/Pb layer by leaching.

□ Environmental Test

Test Item	Test Methods	Description
Temperature Cycling	Put the tested resistor in the chamber under the temperature cycle which shown in the following table shall be repeated 5 times consecutively. Then leaving the tested resistor in the room temperature for 1hr, and measure its resistance variance rate.	JIS C 5202.....clause 7.4
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1 \Omega$ 0.1%、0.5%、1%: $\pm (1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$ 2%、5%: $\pm (2.0\%+0.10\Omega)$
		No evidence of mechanical damage, no short or burned on the appearance.

Step	Temperature($^\circ C$)	Time(minute)
1	-55 ± 5	30
2	25 ± 5	3
3	125 ± 5	30
4	25 ± 5	3

□ Environmental Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description														
Loading Life in Moisture	Put tested resistor in the chamber under temperature $40\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$, relative humidity 90~95% for 90 minutes on , 30 minutes off, total 1,000 hours. Leaving the tested resistor in the room temperature for 60 minutes, measure the resistance.	JIS C 5202.....clause 7.9														
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1\ \Omega$ 0.1%、0.5%、1%: $\pm(0.5\%+0.05\Omega)$ 2%、5%: $\pm(2.0\%+0.05\Omega)$														
Load Life	Put the tested resistor in the chamber under the temperature $70\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$ and load the rated voltage for 90 minutes on, 30 minutes off, total 1,000 hours. Then leaving the tested resistor in the room temperature for 60 minutes, and measure its resistance variance rate.	JIS C 5202.....clause 7.10														
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1\ \Omega$ 0.1%、0.5%、1%: $\pm(1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$ 2%、5%: $\pm(3.0\%+0.10\Omega)$														
Resistance To Dry Heat	Put tested resistors in the chamber under temperature $125\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 96 ± 4 hrs, leaving in the room temperature for 60 minutes, measure the resistance. Refer to 1997 JIS-C-5202-7.2	JIS C 5202.....clause 7.2														
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1\ \Omega$ 0.1%、0.5%、1%: $\pm(1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$ 2%、5%: $\pm(2.0\%+0.10\Omega)$														
		No evidence of mechanical damage, no short or burned on the appearance.														
Low Temperature Operation	Put the tested resistors in the chamber at room temperature 25°C . Decreasing the temperature to -55°C and keep the temperature at -55°C for 1 hr. Then load the rated voltage for 45 minutes on, and 15 minutes off. Then leaving the tested resistor in the room temperature for 8 ± 1 hours, and measure its resistance variance rate.	According our company standard														
		Resistance Range: $\geq 1\ \Omega$ 0.1%、0.5%、1%: $\pm(0.5\%+0.05\Omega)$ 2%、5%: $\pm(1.0\%+0.05\Omega)$														
		No evidence of electrode damage.														
Whisker Test	Chip resistor can classify 2 tests as following: ◎ Test item 1 (Temperature cycle test): <table><tr><td>Minimum storage temperature</td><td>$-35\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$</td></tr><tr><td>Maximum storage temperature</td><td>$125\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$</td></tr><tr><td>Temperature-rataining time</td><td>7min</td></tr><tr><td>Number of temperature cycles</td><td>500 ± 4</td></tr></table> ◎ Test item 2 (Constant temperature/humidity test): <table><tr><td>Temperature</td><td>85°C</td></tr><tr><td>Humidity</td><td>85%</td></tr><tr><td>Testing duration</td><td>500 ± 4 hours</td></tr></table>	Minimum storage temperature	$-35\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$	Maximum storage temperature	$125\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$	Temperature-rataining time	7min	Number of temperature cycles	500 ± 4	Temperature	85°C	Humidity	85%	Testing duration	500 ± 4 hours	JIS C 5202
		Minimum storage temperature	$-35\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$													
		Maximum storage temperature	$125\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$													
Temperature-rataining time	7min															
Number of temperature cycles	500 ± 4															
Temperature	85°C															
Humidity	85%															
Testing duration	500 ± 4 hours															
		Max × 50μm														

□ Environmental Test

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Test Item	Test Methods	Description
Whisker Test	◎ Inspection: Inspect for whisker formation on specimens that underwent the acceleration test specified in subclause 4.2, with a magnifier (stereomicroscope) of about 40 or higher magnification. If judgment is hard in this method, use a scanning electron microscope (SEM) of about 1000 or higher magnification. BY SONY SS-00254-8	JIS C 5202
		Max × 50μm

□ Lead Free Soldering Profile

